

11-27-00

PTO/SB/05 (11-00)

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**UTILITY
PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. Applicant claims small entity status.
See 37 CFR 1.27.
3. Specification [Total Pages 19]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the invention
 - Cross Reference to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to sequence listing, a table, or a computer program listing appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings *(if filed)*
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
4. Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 2]
5. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages 2]
 - a. Newly executed (original or copy)
 - b. Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63 (d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 18 completed)
- i. **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
6. Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76

Attorney Docket No.	KEN-1
First Inventor	Wayne M. Kennard
Title	System and Method for Redemption Awards by Award Program Participants
Express Mail Label No.	EF175575920US

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

7. CD-ROM or CD-R in duplicate, large table or Computer Program (Appendix)
8. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all necessary)*
 - a. Computer Readable Form (CRF)
 - b. Specification Sequence Listing on:
 - i. CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or
 - ii. paper
 - c. Statements verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

9. Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
10. 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement Power of Attorney *(when there is an assignee)*
11. English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
12. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 Copies of IDS Citations
13. Preliminary Amendment
14. Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) *(Should be specifically itemized)*
15. Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) *(if foreign priority is claimed)*
16. Request and Certification under 35 U.S.C. 122 (b)(2)(B)(i). Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/35 or its equivalent.
17. Other:

18. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment, or in an Application Data Sheet under 37 CFR 1.76:

 Continuation Divisional Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. _____ / _____

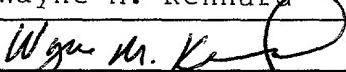
Prior application information.

Examiner _____

Group Art Unit _____

For CONTINUATION OR DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 5b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

19. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

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Country	USA	Telephone	781-647-1180	Fax	(781) 647-2412
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Signature			Date	Nov. 24, 2000	

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FEE TRANSMITTAL for FY 2001

Patent fees are subject to annual revision

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT

(\$ 710.00)

Complete if Known

Application Number	
Filing Date	November 24, 2000
First Named Inventor	Wayne M. Kennard
Examiner Name	
Group Art Unit	
Attorney Docket No.	KEN-1

METHOD OF PAYMENT

1. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayments to:

Deposit Account Number

Deposit Account Name

Charge Any Additional Fee Required
Under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17

Applicant claims small entity status
See 37 CFR 1.27

2. Payment Enclosed:

Check Credit card Money Order Other

FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

Large Entity Small Entity
Fee Code (\$)
Fee Code (\$)

Fee Code (\$)	Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
101	710	201 355 Utility filing fee	<input type="text" value="710"/>
106	320	206 160 Design filing fee	<input type="text"/>
107	490	207 245 Plant filing fee	<input type="text"/>
108	710	208 355 Reissue filing fee	<input type="text"/>
114	150	214 75 Provisional filing fee	<input type="text"/>

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$ 710)

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES

Total Claims	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
10	-20** = 0	X <input type="text"/>	= <input type="text" value="0.00"/>
Independent Claims	2	- 3** = 0	X <input type="text"/> = <input type="text" value="0.00"/>
Multiple Dependent			<input type="text"/>

Large Entity Small Entity

Fee Code (\$)
Fee Code (\$)

103	18	203	9	Claims in excess of 20
102	80	202	40	Independent claims in excess of 3
104	270	204	135	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
109	80	209	40	** Reissue independent claims over original patent
110	18	210	9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$ 0.00)

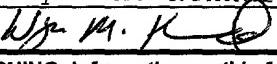
*or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see above

FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
105	130	205 65 Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	<input type="text"/>
127	50	227 25 Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	<input type="text"/>
139	130	139 130 Non-English specification	<input type="text"/>
147	2,520	147 2,520 For filing a request for ex parte reexamination	<input type="text"/>
112	920*	112 920* Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	<input type="text"/>
113	1,840*	113 1,840* Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	<input type="text"/>
115	110	215 55 Extension for reply within first month	<input type="text"/>
116	390	216 195 Extension for reply within second month	<input type="text"/>
117	890	217 445 Extension for reply within third month	<input type="text"/>
118	1,390	218 695 Extension for reply within fourth month	<input type="text"/>
128	1,890	228 945 Extension for reply within fifth month	<input type="text"/>
119	310	219 155 Notice of Appeal	<input type="text"/>
120	310	220 155 Filing a brief in support of an appeal	<input type="text"/>
121	270	221 135 Request for oral hearing	<input type="text"/>
138	1,510	138 1,510 Petition to institute a public use proceeding	<input type="text"/>
140	110	240 55 Petition to revive - unavoidable	<input type="text"/>
141	1,240	241 620 Petition to revive - unintentional	<input type="text"/>
142	1,240	242 620 Utility issue fee (or reissue)	<input type="text"/>
143	440	243 220 Design issue fee	<input type="text"/>
144	600	244 300 Plant issue fee	<input type="text"/>
122	130	122 130 Petitions to the Commissioner	<input type="text"/>
123	50	123 50 Processing fee under 37 CFR 1.17(q)	<input type="text"/>
126	180	126 180 Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	<input type="text"/>
581	40	581 40 Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	<input type="text"/>
146	710	246 355 Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a))	<input type="text"/>
149	710	249 355 For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b))	<input type="text"/>
179	710	279 355 Request for Continued Examination (RCE)	<input type="text"/>
169	900	169 900 Request for expedited examination of a design application	<input type="text"/>
Other fee (specify) _____			
*Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid			
SUBTOTAL (3) (\$ 0.00)			

SUBMITTED BY Complete (if applicable)

Name (Print/Type)	Wayne M. Kennard	Registration No (Attorney/Agent)	30,271	Telephone	781-647-1180
Signature		Date	Nov. 24, 2000		

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1

System And Method For Redemption Of Awards By Award Program Participants

5

Field Of The Invention

The present invention relates to systems and methods for award program participants to redeem mileage awards. More particularly, the present invention related to systems and methods for award program participants to redeem mileage awards when such a participant's accumulated award mile total is less than required number of award miles necessary to redeem a set or posted award.

10

Background Of The Invention

Practically every airline, as a promotional vehicle, has a mileage award program. These programs are designed to provide, particularly frequent business flyers, with an incentive to fly on that particular airline. Over the years, these programs have had their intended affect and many of these frequent flyers not only have developed brand loyalty for a particular airline but will go to great lengths to ensure that they take that particular airline to obtain award miles even when the trip is a non-direct route and direct routes are were available on other airlines. The main reason for this is to maximize the accumulated award miles in a particular mileage award program.

15

The travel industry, in general, has seized upon the airline mileage award programs to partner with the airlines to provide incentives for frequent flyers to use their services. For example, many hotels provide frequent flyers with the ability to receive award miles based on the amount spent on a stay at the hotel. Many of these hotels provide the frequent flyer with the ability to select the particular airline award program to which the hotel-generated award miles may be applied. The car rental companies also have provided award miles to airline award programs in the same of similar way as hotels.

20

Travel agents have promoted the collaborative efforts of travel industry members. These travel agents will attempt to book trips so that the frequent flyers may maximize the amount of award miles that can be applied to a particular mileage award program.

25

1 Frequent flyers use the award miles for many different purposes. Two of
the main purposes for redeeming mileage awards from awards programs are for upgrading
the class of service that a frequent flyer will have on a particular flight and for vacations.
This latter use is the situation in which the frequent flyer wants to accumulate the greatest
5 number of award miles possible so he or she will be able to redeem mileage awards for
him- or herself, and also for members of the flyer's family. So, if the frequent flyer is part
of typical family of four, there may be the need for frequent flyer to have accumulated
from 100,000 to 120,000 award miles to be able to obtain the required number of tickets to
go on vacation together without the need to purchase airline tickets or separate the family
10 to fly on more than one airline, as will be discussed.

One of the main problems with the awards programs as they presently exist
is that it does not permit the mileage award program participant to fully maximize the
number of accumulated award miles. For example, in simple upgrade situations in which
the amount of award miles that are needed to upgrade a class of service is from 5000 to
15 10,000 award miles, there is usually not a problem because a frequent flyer normally will
have a greater number of accumulated award miles than this. However, this changes sig-
nificantly when the frequent flyer is attempting to redeem a number of awards for a family
vacation or international travel. Under these circumstances, the frequent flyer may have a
large number of accumulated award miles but the frequent flyer may find that he or she
20 does not have quite enough miles to obtain all of the tickets needed (but may be close).

In some cases, when the frequent flyer has accumulated award miles in
more than one airline award program, he or she will redeem mileage awards in two pro-
grams, and then split the family and part will go on one airline and the remainder will go
on another airline, even though, it would have been far more desirable to travel together.
25 In situations, where there is international travel and the frequent flyer's accumulated
award miles fall just short of the amount needed to redeem an award, the frequent flyer
may just not go or it may have to just pay for the ticket at the best price possible because
of the inability to effective use the miles that have been accumulated.

The airlines have made some attempt to permit award program participants
30 to use part of the accumulated award miles by allowing the participant to apply his or her
miles to segments of the trip. However, this use is for class of service upgrades. Further,

1 this use, in actuality, does not solve the problem of allowing frequent flyers to maximize
the use of their accumulated award miles.

An airline that offers a particular award program is losing significant revenue by requiring that award program participants to have the exact or greater number of
5 accumulated award miles to be able to redeem an award. Moreover, these airlines are failing
to increase brand loyalty which would increase if these airlines would allow frequent
flyers to redeem mileage awards when they may be a little short of the required award
miles.

The present airline award programs do not provide a method by which
10 award program participants can combine their accumulated award miles with an appropriate
amount of money to satisfy the amount that the participant is deficient in award miles
without purchasing a ticket. For example, if the frequent flyer has accumulated 79,343
award miles and wanted to take his family on a vacation and this frequent flyer is a loyal
15 user of that particular airline. If a round-trip tickets for the frequent flyer's family of four
is 20,000, each then the frequent flyer could redeem sufficient miles for three tickets but
would not be able to obtain the fourth ticket because he or she would only have 19,343
accumulated award miles to apply to the last ticket. The frequent flyer has two alternatives
20 to deal with this situation. The first, so that the entire family can travel together, is to simply
obtain three tickets by redeeming award miles and purchasing the fourth ticket. The
second, as is normally the case, one of the parents will travel with one child and the other
parent will travel separately with the other child on a different airline. This is done by
redeeming mileage awards in the award program of two different airlines if the frequent
flyer or their spouse is lucky enough to have sufficient accumulated miles with a different
airline, which is not always the case. However, even if the second alternative is available,
25 there usually are significant logistical problems in trying to coordinate the travel plans of
the family groups in departing from, and arriving at, a desired location, and returning
home.

These and other problems are overcome by the system and method of the
present invention.

1 **Summary Of The Invention**

The present invention is a system and method for providing a way by which airline award program participants can maximize the use of the accumulated award miles even in light of mileage shortfalls for the redemption of mileage awards. The present
5 invention provides not only a benefit to the award program participant, but also provides financial benefits to the airline offering the award program.

According to the present invention, the airline that is offering the mileage award program will set or post on a periodic basis the amount of the accumulated airline miles needed to redeem particular mileage awards. For example, an airline award program
10 may post that a program participant may redeem a domestic coach airline ticket for 20,000 accumulated award miles, a domestic business class ticket for 30,000 accumulated award miles, or a domestic first class ticket for 40,000 accumulated miles. Preferably, however,
15 such the airline award programs should provide the award program participants with be able to redeem awards if a participant's amount of accumulated award miles is within a predetermined percentage range of the set or posted award amount if the participant will pay an amount of money to compensate for the shortfall in the number of accumulated miles.

As an example of the preferred embodiment of the present invention, an airline award program participant has accumulated 79,567 award miles and there and now
20 desires to obtain four tickets for a family vacation, and each ticket requires the redemption of 20,000 award miles. According to the present invention, the participant will first obtain three tickets for the redemption of 60,000 award miles. This will mean that there will be 19,567 award miles that remain on account for the participant to apply to the fourth award ticket.

25 The next the system and method of the present invention will determine if the number of award miles that remain available to apply to the redemption of the fourth award falls within the percentage range for which the airline program will permit the participant to pay an amount to compensate for the mileage shortfall. This will allow a participant to maximize the use of the award miles available. However, if the number miles that
30 the participant has available does not fall within the percentage range, then the participant will not be eligible to purchase the miles to compensate for the award mileage shortfall.

1 If the award program participant has a sufficient number of award miles to
fit within the allowable percentage range, then the system and method will determine the
number of miles that will have to be added to the number of accumulated award miles to
overcome the shortfall. Once this determination is made, the airline will multiply the num-
5 ber of miles that are needed to compensate for the mileage shortfall times a dollar amount
based on this number of miles that must be compensated for. The amount that is deter-
mined from this calculation is what the participant must pay to obtain the ticket with the
redemption of the shortfall of award miles. As such, the award program participant will
receive three tickets from the redemption of the 60,000 award miles and a fourth ticket for
10 the redemption of the 19,567 award miles along with the payment of the amount to com-
pensate for the 433 mile shortfall.

15 An object of the present invention is to provide a system and method that
will allow an award program participant to be able to maximize the use of accumulated
award miles even in light of a shortfall in the number of miles required to redeem an
award.

20 Another object of the present invention is to provide a system and method
that will allow an airline offering an award program to realize payments for shortfalls in
the number of miles required to redeem an award, which are payments that such airlines
ordinarily would not receive.

25 These and other objects of the present invention will be described in detail
in the remainder of the specification referring to the drawings.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

25 Figure 1 shows a representative block diagram of the system of the present
invention.

Figure 2 shows a representative flow diagram of the method of the present
invention.

Detailed Description Of The Drawings

30 The present invention is a system and method for providing a way by
which an airline award program participant can maximize the use of accumulated award

1 miles even in light of a mileage shortfall for the redemption of mileage awards; and the
system and method of the present invention also financially benefit the airline offering the
award program. In the preferred embodiment, the system of the present invention is a
compute-based system that will permit the on-line determination of the amount that will
5 have to be paid by the award program participant in order to redeem an award in light of
the shortfall in accumulated award miles.

Figure 1, generally at 100, shows a referred embodiment of the system of
the present invention. According, to Figure 1, the system of the present invention may be
10 distributed system in which there may central processing unit ("CPU") 102 that connects
to one database or a plurality of databases. As an example, Figure 1 shows four databases
that are shown at 104, 106, 108, and 110. The system may have one input/display device
or a plurality of input/display devices. Again, as an example, Figure 1 shows four input/
display devices that are shown at 112, 114, 116, and 118.

15 The input/display devices may be connected by to the CPU various meth-
ods. These, include, but are not limited to, hardwiring the input/display devices to the
CPU and wireless methods that include and air interface. It is also to be understood that
the system may include more than one processing unit and each of the processing units
may have different or redundant responsibilities in system.

20 An input/display device, for example, input/display device 112, may permit
the operator of the device to input to general system information about the potential flyer's
reservation including his or her frequent flyer number. This potential flyer may purchase a
ticket at the time the reservation is made or at a later time based on the reservation up until
the time the flight departs. If the potential flyer does not have a frequent flyer number, the
process for obtaining one may be initiated when the reservation is made or at a later time.

25 When the frequent flyer checks in and takes the flight, or if the flyer did not
have prior reservations but purchases a ticket at the time and date of the flight and takes
the flight, and this flyer has a frequent flyer number, the system will add the amount of fre-
quent flyer miles that is attributed to the flight to the frequent flyer's accumulated miles.
This amount of accumulated miles may be stored in one of the databases, for example,
30 database 108.

1 For each frequent flyer, a database, such a database 108, may store the
accumulated award mileage for a particular frequent flyer in a method by which it will be
associated with the that frequent flyer's frequent flyer number. New accumulated award
miles are stored in such a way that they may be retrieved on-line so that the amount accu-
5 mulated award may be checked when desired. However, the system may be configured so
that there are controls on the ability to retrieve the accumulated award miles for a particu-
lar award program participant, such as only by airline personnel and through the use a spe-
cial password by the frequent flyer of his or her own accumulated miles total.

10 It is understood the system of the present invention may have a different
configuration than the preferred embodiment shown in Figure 1 and still within the scope
of the present invention.

Having now described the preferred embodiment of the system of the
present invention, the preferred method of the present invention will be described.

15 Figure 2 shows a flow diagram of the method of the present invention gen-
erally at 200. Although Figure 2 shows the preferred method of the present invention, it is
understood that the method of the present invention may be practiced by variations of the
preferred embodiment and still be within the scope of the present invention.

20 The method of the present invention that is shown generally at 200 will be
started at Start 201. The method of the present invention will be started by the airline com-
pany or the entity that is offering award program because it is this entity that will maintain
the database of the accumulated award miles, permit flyers to join the award program, and
permit the redemption of mileage awards. As an example, the airline may start the method
of the present invention when a flyer purchases a ticket and takes a flight if the airline has
been provided the flyer's frequent flyer number. At the time the ticket is purchased, the
25 airline employee will ask the flyer at 202 if the flyer is a participant in that airline's mile-
age award program. If the flyer is not a participant in the award program, the airline
employee will ask the flyer if he or she would like to join the program at 204. If the flyer
would like to join, he or she will be permitted to do so at 206 and the flyer is given a fre-
quent flyer number and an mileage account is set up in the appropriate database. After
30 this, the method returns to 202.

1 The new award program participant, who now has a frequent flyer number,
at 202 will now go to 208. Since the new participant will likely not have enough accumulated miles to qualify for an award, the participant will not be seeking to redeem a mileage award. Under these circumstances, the method will be directed go to 210 where the number
5 of award miles for the flight being taken is added to the database account for the flyer's frequent flyer number. If this is in fact a new program participant, this will be the first award miles for the flyer that is saved in database at 212. Following this, the method will proceed to End 240.

10 If at 202, the flyer is already an award program participant, the method will proceed directly to 208. At 208 as stated, there is a determination whether the participant is seeking to add additional award miles to their award miles account. If yes, the method proceeds to 210 where the number of new miles is input to the system and, at 212, the new award miles are added to the participant's accumulated award miles and this is new total is saved in the database that contains the participant's account. After the database is updated,
15 the method proceeds to End 240.

20 In those cases, at 208, when the flyer is seeking to do more with respect to his or her frequent flyer account than just add new award miles to their accumulated total of award miles, the method will proceed to 214. At 214, there is a determination whether the award program participant is seeking to redeem a mileage award or is there some other actions that the participant desires to take with respect to his or her mileage award account. If the participant desires to do something other than redeem a mileage award, the method proceeds to 216. At 216, if it is determined that there is another action that is desired on the part of the participant, the method will transfer the matter to 217, where the method links to another method to handle this matter or to an airline employee who will work with the participant to solve the participant's concerns. Further, if at 216, it is determined that the matter is inappropriate for handling by this method, the method will proceed to End 240.
25

30 According to the method of the present invention, if it is determined at 214 that the award program participant is seeking to redeem a mileage award, the method will proceed to 218. At 218, there is input to the method of the amount of miles needed to receive the desired mileage award. This information, based on the appropriate query using

1 the method, may be input by an airline employee or, if there is an on-line system, it may be
input by the participant. This input of the required award miles to redeem a particular
award may be a manual input of the mileage amount or it may be retrieved from a data-
base.

5 Once the amount required award miles is determined, the method of the
present invention will next go to 220. At 220, the method will retrieve from the appropri-
ate database the accumulated award miles for the particular award program participant.
The accumulated award miles that are retrieved will be the updated total amount of award
miles.

10 At 222, the method will compare the amount of the award miles required
for a particular award with the total number of accumulated award miles for the partici-
pant who desires to redeem a mileage award. At 222, in making the comparison, the
method will determine if the participant is requesting a single or multiple mileage awards.
If the award program participant is requesting a single award redemption, the comparison
15 at 222 will determine if the accumulated award miles are equal to, or greater than, the
number of required miles. The method will proceed to 224 if the comparison indicates that
there is an adequate number accumulated that will permit the award program participant to
receive the requested award.

20 At 224, the method of the present invention will deduct the redeemed
award miles from the accumulated total of award miles for the award program participant.
Once this deduction is made, the new accumulated total for the participant who has just
redeemed award miles will be saved in the database that retains the accumulated award
miles for that particular award program participant.

25 Following the deduction of the redeemed award miles from the accumu-
lated total award miles, the airline or the entity administering the mileage award program
will issue the mileage award ticket to the award program participant at 226. After the issu-
ance of the mileage award ticket, the method of the present invention will proceed to End
240.

30 At 222, as stated, the method will determine if the award program partici-
pant is redeeming multiple awards or just one award. In the multiple awards situation, the
method will determine the number of awards seeking to be redeemed and, from 218, the

1 required award miles for each requested award redemption. Then at 222, the comparison
will determine the number of requested awards the may be satisfied by the award program
participants accumulated award miles. For example, if the award program participant has
100,000 accumulated award miles and this participant is seeking to redeem award miles
5 for three tickets, the method will calculate the total number of award miles needed for
three tickets and compare this total will the number of accumulated miles of the partici-
pant. If the requested redemptions are for 20,000, 30,000, and 40,000 award miles, the
method at 218 will sum the total for the three requested award redemptions to be 90,000
10 award miles. Under these circumstances, the comparison at 222 will show that there are
sufficient award miles for the three awards. The method will then proceed to 224 and
deduct the 90,000 redeemed award miles from the participant's accumulated total of
award miles. This is followed by the issuance of the three awards at 226. The database that
stores the award program participant's account will have been updated to indicate that the
15 accumulated award miles to be 10,000 award miles. After this, the method will proceed to
End 240.

In the single or multiple award situations, the comparison at 222 may indi-
cate that the number of accumulated award miles is less than the number of required
award miles for the requested award redemption. In such situations, the method of the
present invention will proceed to 225 where it is determined if the requested award
redemption is a single or multiple award redemption. If it is a single award redemption,
20 the method will proceed to 227, and if there are multiple award redemptions to 228.

At 227, the method of the present invention will determine whether the
accumulated award miles total falls within a predetermined percentage range of the
required award mileage. This percentage may be selected by the airline or entity adminis-
25 tering the mileage award program. For example, such an entity may select the percentage
range to be from 95% to 100%-1 of the required award mileage. Alternatively, the method
may not state this requirement as a percentage range but as the need for the accumulated
award miles to be greater than, or equal to, 95% of the required number award miles. If at
227, it is determined that the accumulated award miles is not within the selected percent-
age range, or is not equal to, or greater than, the selected percentage, the method of the
30 present invention will proceed to 231.

1 At 231, it is determined if this is a single or multiple award redemption. If
it is a single award redemption, the method will proceed to 235. At 235, the method will
save the unused accumulated award miles in the appropriate database. Following the sav-
ing of these award miles, the method will proceed to End 240. However, if the accumu-
5 lated award miles is within the selected percentage range, or is equal to, or greater than,
the selected percentage, the method will instead go to 230.

At 230, the method of the present invention will determine the number of
award miles that constitute the mileage shortfall. This is may be done, for example, by
subtracting the accumulated award miles from the required award miles. This number of
10 shortfall miles is multiplied by a multiplication factor at 232. This multiplication factor
may be fixed for each of the shortfall miles. For example, if the award mile shortfall is 160
miles, the multiplication factor may be \$0.50 /mile, so the amount to purchase the shortfall
miles would be \$80.00.

15 The method may also use a weighting system to determine the amount that
will have to be paid to compensate for the mileage shortfall. For example, if the percent-
age range or the amount in excess of a predetermined percentage equals 500 miles, the
weighting system multiplication factors could be \$0.50 for 449-500 shortfall miles; \$0.47
for 401-450 shortfall miles; \$0.44 for 349-400 shortfall miles; \$0.41 for 350-399 shortfall
miles; \$0.38 for 300-349 shortfall miles; \$0.35 for 250-299 shortfall miles; \$0.32 for 200-
20 249 shortfall miles; \$0.29 for 150-199 shortfall miles; \$0.26 for 100-149 shortfall miles;
\$0.23 for 50-99 shortfall miles; and \$0.20 for 1-49 shortfall miles. Moreover, the method
may have an oppositely weighted system in which the weighting is highest for the smallest
mileage category and lowest for the largest mileage shortfall. Accordingly, the airline or
entity that is administering the method will select the weighting system it desires to use,
25 and at 232, the weighting system is applied as the multiplication factor to the award mile-
age shortfall to determine the amount that the award program participant must pay with
the surrender of the accumulated award miles to redeem the desired award.

Once the determination of the amount to be paid for the shortfall is deter-
mined, at 234, this amount is collected by the airline or the entity that is administering the
30 mileage award program. After the amount for the shortfall is paid, the accumulated award
miles is deducted from the total that is stored in the database at 236. Since this is a situa-

1 tion in which there was less than number of award miles that were required to redeem the
award, which was compensated for by paying for the shortfall, the balance in that award
program participant's account should be zero.

5 After the deduction of the award miles, the method invention of the present
proceeds to 238 where the redeemed award is issued to the award program participant.
Following this, the method will move to End 240.

10 When there is a multiple redemption situation, at 225, the method of the
present invention moves to 228. At 228, the method will determine which of the multiple
award redemption requests may be satisfied by the total number of accumulated award
miles of the award program participant. For example, the award program participant may
desire to redeem four awards which consist of two 20,000 mileage awards, one 30,000
mileage award, and one 40,000 mileage award and this participant may have an accumu-
lated award total of 110,567. The method of the present invention, unless instructed other-
wise, will automatically satisfy the maximum number of award redemptions first given the
15 number of accumulated award miles. The method may be programmed to start with the
largest redemption award request and move to the smallest, or from the smallest award
redemption request and move to the largest. Further, the award program participant may
indicate the order in which the redemption award requests are to be filled.

20 In the example, just set forth, if the method is programmed to proceed from
smallest to largest, at 228, the method will determine that there were enough accumulated
award miles to redeem the two 20,000 mileage awards and the 30,000 mileage award,
which totals 70,000 award miles, but not enough to redeem the 40,000 mileage award. The
method, after redeeming the maximum number of mileage awards possible will proceed to
229.

25 At 229, the method will determine the number of remaining accumulated award miles
after satisfying the maximum number of mileage awards at 228. If there are remaining
miles, and there should be, these award miles will be transmitted to 227.

30 With regard to the redemption awards that were satisfied at 229, the
method proceeds to 236. At 236, the 70,000 redeemed award miles will be deducted from
the award program participant's stored accumulated award mile total in the database. Fol-
lowing this, the award tickets are issued at 238, but not sent to the participant. The award

1 tickets are not set to the participant yet because there must be a determination whether the
remaining accumulated award miles qualify for the purchase of the award mileage short-
fall for redeem the fourth requested mileage award.

As stated, at 229, the method determines the remaining number of accumulated award miles after processing the award redemptions that are fully satisfied by the participant's current total number of accumulated award miles. This number of accumulated award miles that remain are sent to 227, as discussed. At 227, the method will determine if the accumulated award miles total falls within a predetermined percentage range of the required award mileage, or greater than, or equal to, a selected percentage of the required award mileage. This percentage may be selected by the airline or entity administering the mileage award program. For example, such an entity may select the percentage range to be from 95% to 100%-1. Alternatively, the method may select a percentage that is greater than, or equal to, for example, 95%. If at 228, the accumulated award miles is not within the selected percentage range, or is not equal to, or greater than, the selected percentage, the method of the present invention will proceed to 231. At 231, the method will determine if this a multiple award redemption. If it is, the method will proceed to 233 where the unused accumulated award miles total will be saved in the appropriated database. The method will then go to 238 where the three award tickets that were issued but not sent are being held. The saving of the unused award miles will permit the release of the three tickets which are now sent to the award program participant. Following the sending of the mileage award tickets, the method will proceed to End 240.

On the other hand, if the accumulated award miles is within the selected percentage range, or is equal to, or greater than, the selected percentage, the method will instead to 230. At 230, the method of the present invention will determine the number of award miles that constitute the mileage shortfall. This is may be done, for example, by subtracting the accumulated award miles from the required award miles. This number of shortfall miles is multiplied by the multiplication factor at 232. This multiplication factor may be fixed for each of the shortfall miles. For example, if the award mile shortfall is 160 miles, the multiplication factor may be \$0.50 /mile, so the amount to purchase the shortfall miles would be \$80.00.

1 The method may also use a weighting system with regard to the amount
that have to be paid for the shortfall miles. For example, as stated, if the percentage range
or the amount in excess of a predetermined percentage equals 500 miles, the weighting
system multiplication factors could be \$0.50 for 449-500 shortfall miles; \$0.47 for 401-
5 450 shortfall miles; \$0.44 for 349-400 shortfall miles; \$0.41 for 350-399 shortfall miles;
\$0.38 for 300-349 shortfall miles; \$0.35 for 250-299 shortfall miles; \$0.32 for 200-249
shortfall miles; \$0.29 for 150-199 shortfall miles; \$0.26 for 100-149 shortfall miles; \$0.23
for 50-99 shortfall miles; and \$0.20 for 1-49 shortfall miles. The method may also have an
oppositely weighted system in which the weight is highest for the smallest mileage cate-
10 gory and lowest for the largest mileage shortfall. Accordingly, the airline or entity that is
administering the method will select the weighting system it desires to use, and at 232, the
multiplication factor is applied to the award mileage shortfall to determine the amount that
the award program participant must pay with the surrender of the accumulated award
miles to redeem the desired award.

15 Once the determination of the amount to be paid for the shortfall is deter-
mined, at 234, this amount is collected by the airline or the entity that is administering the
mileage award program. After the amount for the shortfall is paid, the accumulated award
miles is deducted from the total that is stored in the database at 236. Since this is a situa-
20 tion in which there was less than number of award miles that were required to redeem the
award, which was compensated for by paying for the shortfall, the balance in that award
program participant's account should be at zero. Then at 238, the method proceeds to End
240.

At this point, the fourth award redemption ticket is sent to the award pro-
gram participant along with the other three award redemption tickets.

25 The terms and expressions that are employed herein are terms or descrip-
tion and not of limitation. There is no intention in the use of such terms and expressions of
excluding the equivalents of the feature shown or described, or portions thereof, it being
recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the invention as
claimed.

30

Claims:

1. A computer-based method for maximizing redemption award units in an award program, the method for implementation in a system that includes at least a central processing unit ("CPU"), an input/display device under at least partial CPU control, and a storage device at least under partial CPU control, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing in the storage device at least one predetermined award unit level for which the award program will issue an award program participant an award;
 - (b) storing in the storage device a shortfall percentage;
 - (c) each award program participant being permitted to accumulate a number of award units earned by performing acts under the award program for which predetermined numbers of award units will be awarded;
 - (d) inputting with the input/display device into the system the number of award units accumulated at step (c) for each award program participant;
 - (e) storing separately in the storage device for each of the award program participant the number of accumulated award units input at step (d);
 - (f) redeeming an award program award including the substeps of,
 - (1) retrieving from the storage device a predetermined award unit level for which a participant may redeem accumulated award units to receive a particular award;
 - (2) retrieving from the storage device the accumulated award unit total for an award program participant requesting to redeem an award according to the predetermined award unit level stored in the storage device at step (a);
 - (3) comparing under CPU control the retrieved predetermined award unit level with the retrieved accumulated award unit total for an award program participant requesting to redeem the award, and determining if the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the retrieved predetermined award unit level, and if retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than retrieved predetermined award unit level go to sub-step (f)(4);
 - (4) determining under CPU control if the retrieved accumulated award unit total is equal to, or greater than the shortfall percentage multiplied by the retrieved predetermined award unit level, and if retrieved accumulated award unit total is equal to,

or greater than, the product of the retrieved accumulated award unit total multiplied by the predetermined award unit level go to step (f)(6);

(6) determine under CPU control a number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the predetermined award unit level;

(7) under CPU control multiplying the number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the predetermined award unit level by a multiplication factor and determining a monetary amount; and

(8) redeeming an award based on a redemption of the retrieved accumulated award unit total with the monetary amount determined at substep (f)(7).

2. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the multiplication factor is the same for each retrieved accumulated award unit total that is less than the predetermined award unit level.

3. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the multiplication factor is different for at least two of the retrieved accumulated award unit total that are less than the predetermined award unit level.

4. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the multiplication factor is weighted based on the number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total that is less than the predetermined award unit level.

5. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the multiplication factor is selected based on chance.

6. A computer-based method for maximizing redemption award units in an award program, the method for implementation in a system that includes at least a central processing unit (“CPU”), an input/display device under at least partial CPU control, and a storage device at least under partial CPU control, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) storing in the storage device at least one predetermined award unit level for which the award program will issue an award program participant an award;

(b) storing in the storage device a shortfall percentage;

(c) each award program participant being permitted to accumulate a number of award units earned by performing acts under the award program for which predetermined numbers of award units will be awarded;

- (d) inputting with the input/display device into the system the number of award units accumulated at step (c) for each award program participant;
- (e) storing separately in the storage device for each of the award program participant the number of accumulated award units input at step (d);
- (f) redeeming an award program award including the substeps of,
- (1) retrieving from the storage device a predetermined award unit level for which a participant may redeem accumulated award units to receive a particular award;
- (2) retrieving from the storage device the accumulated award unit total for an award program participant requesting to redeem an award according to the predetermined award unit level stored in the storage device at step (a);
- (3) comparing under CPU control the retrieved predetermined award unit level with the retrieved accumulated award unit total for an award program participant requesting to redeem the award, and determining if the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the retrieved predetermined award unit level, and if retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than retrieved predetermined award unit level go to sub-step (f)(4) and if the retrieved accumulated award unit total equal, to or greater than, retrieved predetermined award unit level go to step (f)(9);
- (4) determining under CPU control if the retrieved accumulated award unit total is equal to, or greater than the shortfall percentage multiplied by the retrieved predetermined award unit level, and if retrieved accumulated award unit total is equal to, or greater than, the product of the retrieved accumulated award unit total multiplied by the predetermined award unit level go to step (f)(6) and if it is less than the product of the retrieved accumulated award unit total multiplied by the predetermined award unit level if go to restoring the retrieved accumulated award unit total in the storage device;
- (6) determine under CPU control a number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the predetermined award unit level;
- (7) under CPU control multiplying the number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total is less than the predetermined award unit level by a multiplication factor and determining a monetary amount;

(8) redeeming an award based on a redemption of the retrieved accumulated award unit total with the monetary amount determined at substep (f)(7); and

(9) redeeming an award based on the redemption of an amount of the retrieved accumulated award unit total equal to the predetermined award unit level, and under CPU control storing in the storage device a number of accumulated award units less the amount of accumulated award units redeemed.

7. The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the multiplication factor is the same for each retrieved accumulated award unit total that is less than the predetermined award unit level.

8. The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the multiplication factor is different for at least two of the retrieved accumulated award unit total that are less than the predetermined award unit level.

9. The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the multiplication factor is weighted based on the number of award units that the retrieved accumulated award unit total that is less than the predetermined award unit level.

10. The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the multiplication factor is selected based on chance.

1

System And Method For Redemption Of Awards By Award Program Participant

5

Abstract

A system and method for maximizing airline award program participant's
10 use of the accumulated award miles even in light of mileage shortfalls for the redemption
of mileage awards is described. The system and method not only a benefit to the award
program participant, but also provides financial benefits to the airline offering the award
program, and these financial benefits are ones that the airline would not ordinarily obtain.

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Figure 1

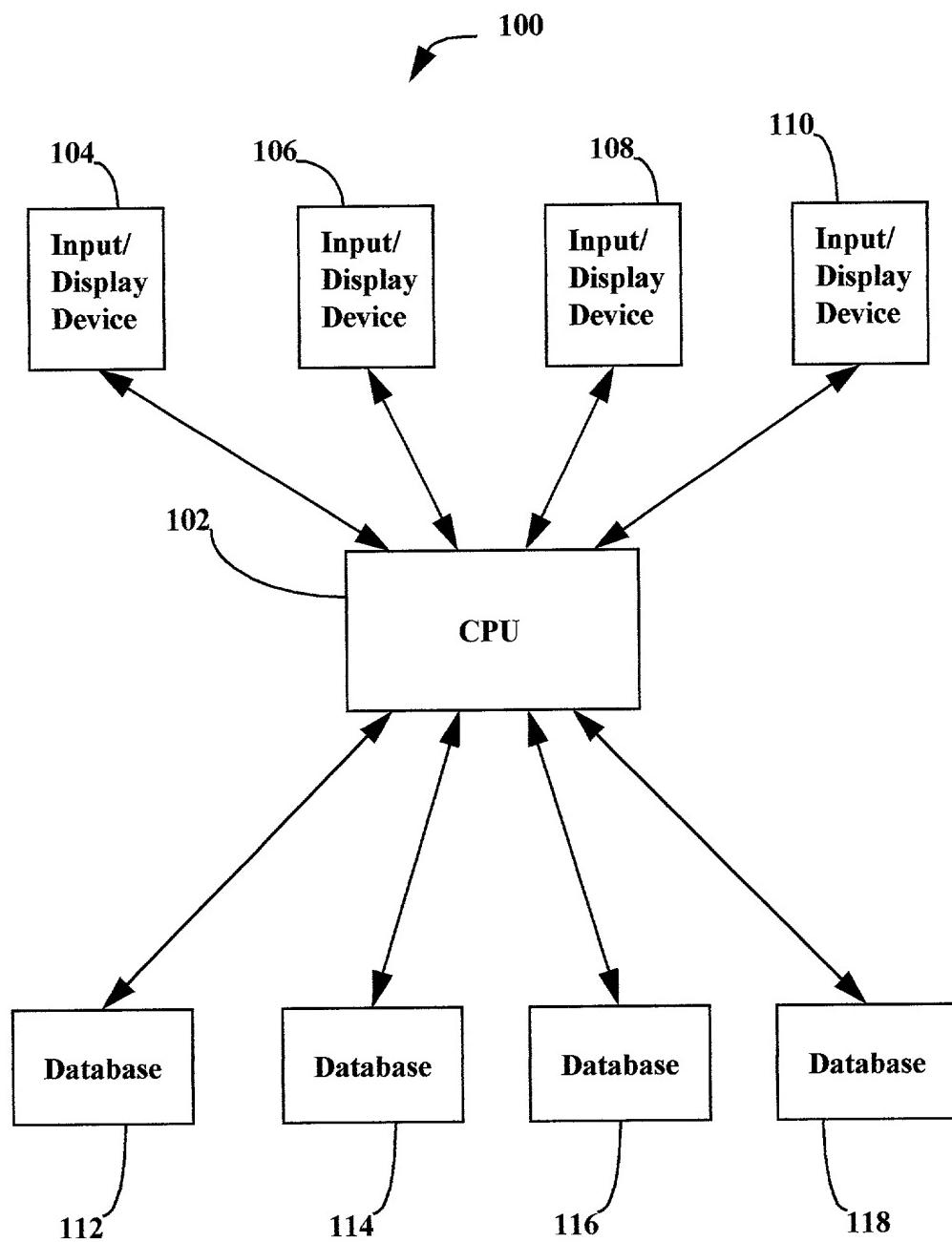
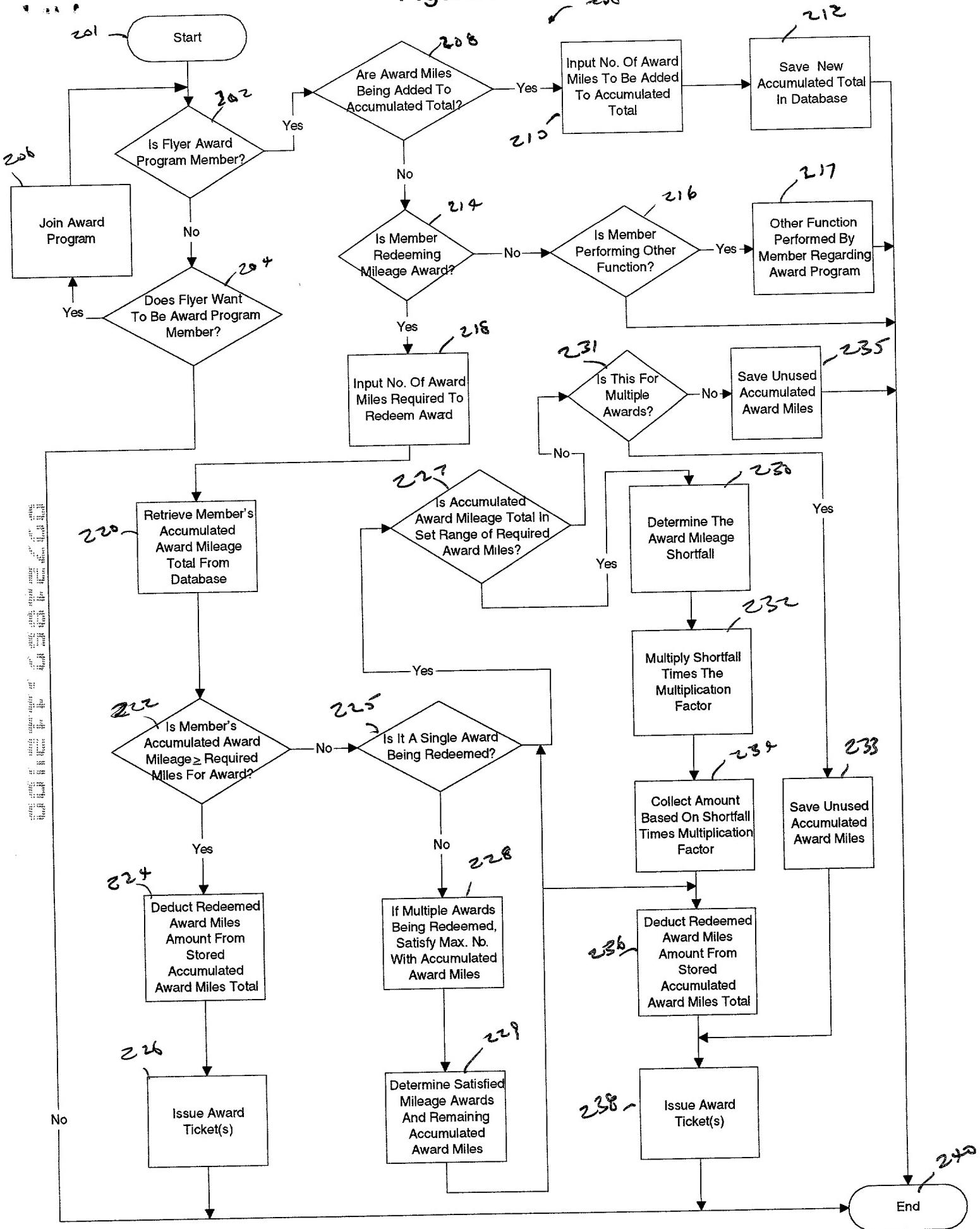


Figure 2



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PTO/SB/01 (10-00)

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**DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR
DESIGN
PATENT APPLICATION
(37 CFR 1.63)**

Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)

Attorney Docket Number		KEN-1
First Named Inventor		Wayne M. Kennard
COMPLETE IF KNOWN		
Application Number		/
Filing Date		November 24, 2000
Group Art Unit		
Examiner Name		

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, mailing address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR REDEMPTION OF AWARDS BY AWARD PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

(Title of the Invention)

the specification of which

is attached hereto

OR

was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY)

as United States Application Number or PCT International

(if applicable).

Application Number

and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56, including for continuation-in-part applications, material information which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of the continuation-in-part application.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?
			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:				

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

[Page 1 of 2]

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DECLARATION — Utility or Design Patent Application

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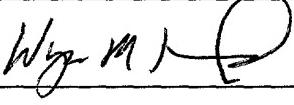
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NAME OF SOLE OR FIRST INVENTOR : A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

Given Name (first and middle [if any]) Wayne Mariner	Family Name or Surname Kennard
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Inventor's Signature 	Date Nov. 24, 2000
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NAME OF SECOND INVENTOR:	<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor
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Given Name (first and middle [if any])	Family Name or Surname
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Inventor's Signature	
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Residence: City	State	Country	Citizenship
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City	State	ZIP	Country
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Additional inventors are being named on the _____ supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto.